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Romans 10:11 For whosoever believes on Him shall not be ashamed.

RG

## **ROOF & GUTTER SELF-REGULATING**



- 1. 16 AWG Buss Wires
- 2. Conductive Core
- 3. Polyolefin Jacket
- 1. Tinned Copper Braid
- 5. 16 mil Overjacket

SP < FM ► (UL)

RG roof & gutter self-regulating cable regulates it's output throughout the entire length of the circuit in response to ambient temperature changes. The self-regulating core increases its output as the ambient temperature drops; and decreases its output as the temperature rises. RG roof & gutter heating cables are constructed of industrial grade materials and are intended for use in roof & gutter and pipe tracing applications. RG cables can maintain temperatures up to 150°F and have an intermittent exposure temperature of 185°F when energized. RG heating cables come in 8W and 10W/Ft. configurations for those areas that experience heavy snowfall and require additional heating to maintain proper roof drainage. RG8 has the ability to produce 13-14 W/Ft. in snow/ ice conditions while RG10 has the ability to generate 14-17 W/ Ft. The standard polyolefin overjacket protects the ground braid from impact & abrasion and has built-in UV inhibitors to prevent degradation of insulating materials from continuous sun exposure. Due to their industrial grade construction, RG cables will outlast residential/commercial grade imports up to 5X as long, drastically reducing replacement costs and installation. When combined with snow melt controls, RG cables can save users up to 80% on utility costs compared to standalone installations. An additional 50-60% efficiency can be achieved using the Ice Cutter\* system. RG cables, like all selfregulating cables, can be cut-to-length in the field and will not overheat or burnout when overlapped.

RG self-regulating heater cables are perfect for snow removal & de-icing of roofs, eaves, gutters, downspouts, troughs, drain baskets, hoppers, silos, aerials, parabolic dishes, pipe-tracing and much more. RG cables can be used in conjunction with the Ice Cutter system to reduce the amount of cable and energy needed and installs under the roofing material for an invisible and appealing look. \*See Ice Cutter data sheet for more details.

## Factory Mutual: (RG8, RG10 ONLY)

Ordinary locations

Hazardous locations

Class 1 Div. 2 (Groups B, C, D)

Class 2 Div. 2 (Groups F, G)

Class 3 Div. 2

## CSA: (RG8, RG10 ONLY)

Ordinary locations 2E, 3(A, B, C), 5(A, B)

Hazardous locations

Class 1 Div. 2 (Groups A, B, C, D)

Class 2 Div. 2 (Groups E, F, G)

Class 3 Div. 2

## UL: (RG6 ONLY)

Roof & Gutter

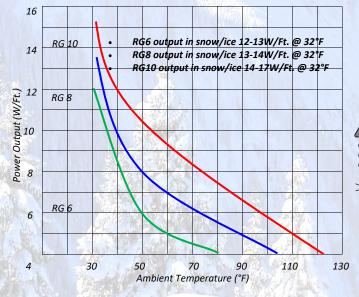
Note: For heater cable applications refer to National Electric Code Article 427 Fixed electric heating for pipelines and vessels.

Heat Trace

Example Configuration		RG82						
RG	RG Wattage		Jacket	Weight/1000'	Dimensions			
	6, 8, 10	1=120V	R= Rubber Jacket (Std.)	94 Lbs.	.520"x.247"			
T Rating	T-6 (6, 8 W) T-5 (10 W)	2=240V	T=Fluoropolymer Jacket*	100 Lbs.	.510"x.230"			

Trating per 1999 NEC Table 500-5(d). 240 for use with 208V-277V. See Output @ Alternate Voltage chart below for true output.\* Optional fluoropolymer jacket available upon request. ± 10% random lengths, 250' min. 900'-1032' typ.

Typical Heaters	208 VAC	220 VAC	240 VAC	277 VAC
A RG 62	5.16	5.53	6.00	6.96
RG 82	7.28	7.66	8.00	8.80
RG 102	9.30	9.67	10.0	10.8



Power Connection Kit					
Termination Kit with End Seal					
Roof Clips (10/Pack)					
Downspout Hanger					
Snow/Moisture Sensor 35A					
Snow-Melting Controller 16A					
Ambient Sensing Thermostat					
Line Sensing Thermostat					

Note: Not all accessories are listed. See catalog for additional listings.

To minimize the danger of fire from sustained electrical arcing if the heating cable is damaged or improperly installed, and to comply with National Electric Code (NEC) Article 427.22 requirements, agency certifications, and local codes, ground-fault equipment protection must be used on each heating cable branch circuit. Arcing may not be stopped by conventional circuit protection. Ground fault protection is the responsibility of the end user and should be installed by a certified electrician.

It is highly recommended that all heat trace systems be connected to a control device to limit inrush potential and circuit breaker issues. Control devices <mark>also e</mark>xtend the life of all heat trace systems.

Typical Heaters	50°F Start-Up (Ft.)			0°F Start-Up (Ft.)			-20°F Start-Up (Ft.)					
	15A	20A	30A	40A	15A	20A	30A	40A	15A	20A	30A	40/
RG 61	150	200	250	250	100	130	190	250	85	115	170	22
RG 62	270	360	450	450	175	230	340	450	145	190	285	38
RG 81	150	200	210	NR	95	125	190	210	85	100	170	21
RG 82	295	390	420	NR	195	250	375	420	170	225	340	42
RG 101	115	150	180	NR	70	95	145	180	60	85	120	16
RG 102	230	305	360	NR	150	200	300	360	130	175	260	36